COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF APPLIED MATHEMATICAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES			
DEPARTMENT	SCHOOL OF APPLIED MATHEMATICAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCES			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	POSTGRADUATE			
MSc PROGRAM	MICROSYSTEMS AND NANODEVICES			
COURSE CODE	9968	SEMESTER 2		
COURSE TITLE	SPECIAL TOPICS IN NANOTECHNOLOGY			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES In cases where credits are awarded to discrete parts of the course (e.g., Lectures, Laboratory Exercises, etc.), specify them. If credits are awarded as a whole, specify weekly teaching hours and total credits.			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	ECTS
	Lectures – Exercises		2.5	6
Laboratory			0.5	
Assignments				
(Additional rows may be added if necessary. Detailed descriptions of teaching organization and methods are provided in section (d).)				
COURSE TYPE general background, specialized background, specialization, skill development	GENERAL BAC			
PREREQUISITES:	[REQUIRED BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE]: Chemistry, Physics, Mathematics			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATION:	GREEK			
COURSE AVAILABLE TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (offered in English as a reading course).			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://helios.ntua.gr/course/view.php?id=3021			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

This section describes the learning outcomes of the course, specifying the knowledge, skills, and competencies at the appropriate level that students will acquire upon successful completion of the course.

Refer to Appendix A:

- Description of the Level of Learning Outcomes for each cycle of studies according to the European Higher Education Area Qualifications Framework
- Descriptive Indicators for Levels 6, 7, & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B.
- Concise Guide to Writing Learning Outcomes

Knowledge:

The course provides knowledge on:

Methods for stabilizing and dispersing nanoparticles. New dispersants suitable for nanoparticles. Pseudogranulation through spray freeze drying. Mechanochemical activation. Homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation. Hybrid nanoparticle synthesis in the presence of polymer matrices. Biomimetic synthesis techniques. Hydrochemical techniques for synthesizing nanometallic materials. Shaping and advanced sintering techniques for nanoparticles. Production of thin films through physical and chemical deposition techniques. Thin film deposition using pulsed laser. Production of nanostructured coatings using wet chemical methods or liquid plasma spraying.

Properties, applications, and synthesis methods for precious metal nanoparticles. Properties, mechanisms of action, and environmental applications of iron nanoparticles.

<u>Skills</u>:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Understand the mechanisms of growth for nanomaterials and nanostructures.
- Comprehend and address nanoparticle dispersion challenges.
- Apply various techniques to develop desired nanostructures.
- Combine appropriate techniques to handle nanoparticles and achieve three-dimensional structures.
- Gain in-depth knowledge of thin film development techniques.
- Understand the primary mechanisms of action for precious metals in medical (diagnostic and therapeutic) and catalytic applications.
- Understand the multiple mechanisms of action of metallic nano-iron in environmental applications.
- Apply environmentally friendly techniques for nanoparticle synthesis.
- Study the kinetics of simple chemical reactions through appropriate laboratory testing.

General Competencies

Considering the general competencies that graduates are expected to acquire (as stated in the Diploma Supplement), which competencies does this course aim to develop?

Data search, analysis, and synthesis, utilizing necessary technologies Adaptability to new situations Decision-making Independent work (primarily through assignments completed at home)

. Teamwork

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Generation of new research ideas Project design and management Respect for diversity and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Exhibiting social, professional, and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Critical and self-critical thinking Promotion of free, creative, and inductive thinking

Competencies:

Upon successful completion of the course, students will develop the ability to:

- Work independently.
- Combine and develop laboratory techniques to achieve desired nanostructures.
- Critically evaluate literature data.
- Design and conduct appropriate laboratory tests to determine critical physicochemical parameters.

(3) COURSE CONTENT

Weekly Course Schedule:

- Week 1: Introduction. Nanoparticle aggregation issues in producing dense nanostructures via sintering techniques. Surface chemistry of solids: chemical potential, surface charge density. Stabilization and dispersion methods for nanoparticles. Electrostatic stabilization. DLVO theory. Steric stabilization.
- Week 2: New dispersants suitable for nanoparticles. Pseudogranulation via spray freeze drying. Mechanochemical activation.
- Week 3: Laboratory Exercise: Drying of nanopowders via lyophilization.

- Week 4: Homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation. Hybrid synthesis of nanoparticles in polymer matrices. Biomimetic synthesis.
- Week 5: Laboratory Exercise: Preparation of nanodispersed CeO₂ suspension.
- Week 6: Shaping and advanced sintering techniques for nanoparticles.
- Week 7: Laboratory Exercise: Development of SiO₂@CeO₂ core-shell particles.
- Week 8: Laboratory Exercise: Hybrid synthesis of hydroxyapatite nanopowders.
- Week 9: Production of thin films through physical and chemical deposition techniques. Thin film deposition using pulsed laser. Production of nanostructured coatings using wet chemical methods or liquid plasma spraying.
- Week 10: Metallic nanoparticles of precious metals.
- Week 11: Iron nanoparticles and their environmental applications.
- Week 12: Laboratory Exercise: Synthesis of elemental nano-iron using green tea extract and application for removing hexavalent chromium from polluted water.
- Week 13: Laboratory Exercise: Dispersion of elemental nano-iron in cationic resin.

(4) TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS - ASSESSMENT

TEACHING METHOD In person, Distance Learning etc.	In person			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Course Notes, Assignments for Home Study (Assignments are			
COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES	provided by the lecturer, and students are required to submit			
(ICT)	completed work)			
Use of Information and Communication				
Technologies (ICT) in Lecturing, Laboratory				
Training, Communication with Students ORGANIZATION OF TEACHING				
A detailed description of the teaching methods	Activity	Semester Workload		
A detailed description of the teaching methods and approaches used in the course, which may include: Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory Exercises, Fieldwork, Study and Analysis of Bibliography, Tutorials, Internships, Clinical Exercises, Art Workshops, Interactive Teaching, Educational Visits, Project Development, Report Writing/Assignments, Artistic Creation.	Lectures	7x3=21 hours		
	Study	7x5=35 hours		
	Home Assignments/Exercises	6x6=36 hours		
	Laboratory	6x3=18 hours		
	Completion/Presentation of	36 hours		
	Project			
	Educational Visits			
	Examinations			
The student's study hours for each learning				
activity, as well as hours of independent study,				
are outlined in accordance with ECTS principles.	Total Course Load	146 hours		
STUDENT ASSESSMENT	Language of Assessment: Greek			
Description of the Assessment Process	(for Erasmus students: English)			
Language of Assessment, Assessment Methods, Formative / Summative Assessment Methods,	Completion/Presentation of Project: 70% of the final grade			
Multiple-choice tests, Short-answer questions, Essay-style questions, Problem-solving exercises, Written assignments, Reports, Oral	Laboratory Exercise Reports: 30% of the final grade			
examinations, Public presentations, Laboratory work, Clinical patient examinations, Artistic	Explicit mention of these assessment criteria will be available on			
interpretations, Other methods, as appropriate	the Helios platform.			
The assessment criteria are clearly defined and provided to students, ensuring transparency in				
the evaluation process. These criteria are				
accessible through the course's online platform				
where students can review them at any time.				

(5) RECOMMENDED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Review Bibliography

- Guozhong Cao, Nanostructures and Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties, and Applications, Imperial College Press, London, 2005.
- Dieter Vollath, Nanomaterials: An Introduction to Synthesis, Properties, and Applications, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2008.
- C.N.R. Rao, A. Müller, The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties, and Applications, Vol. 2, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA, Weinheim, 2006.
- R. Kelsall, I. Hamley, & M. Geoghegan, Nanoscale Science and Technology, J. Wiley & Sons Ltd, West Sussex, England, 2005.
- M. Adachi & D. J. Lockwood, Self-Organized Nanoscale Materials, Springer, NY, 2006.
- L.B. Freund & S. Suresh, Thin Film Materials: Stress, Defect Formation, and Surface Evolution, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2006.
- R. Eason, Pulsed Laser Deposition of Thin Films: Applications-Led Growth of Functional Materials, J. Wiley & Sons Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, USA, 2007.